REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved OMB NO. 0704-0188

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1. REPORT DATE (DD-MM-YYYY)	2. REPORT TYPE		3. DATES COVERED (From - To)	
22-10-2014	Final Report		1-Sep-2009 - 30-Aug-2014	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE Final Report: Fermionic Optical Lattices: A Computational Study		5a. CONTRACT NUMBER W911NF-09-1-0484		
Timai report. Termionie Opticai Battico	25. 74 Computational Study		T NUMBER	
		5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER 611102		
6. AUTHORS		5d. PROJE	CT NUMBER	
Shiwei Zhang		5e. TASK 1	NUMBER	
		5f. WORK	UNIT NUMBER	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAMI College of William and Mary Office of Research and Grants P.O. Box 8795 Williamsburg, VA 2318	ES AND ADDRESSES		PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT JMBER	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY (ES)	NAME(S) AND ADDRESS		SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S) ARO	
U.S. Army Research Office P.O. Box 12211 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-2211		NUI	1. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S) 66693-PH.10	
12. DISTRIBUTION AVAILIBILITY STATE	EMENT			

Approved for Public Release; Distribution Unlimited

13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

The views, opinions and/or findings contained in this report are those of the author(s) and should not contrued as an official Department of the Army position, policy or decision, unless so designated by other documentation.

14. ABSTRACT

We study optical lattice systems, in which rapid experimental progress and tremendous potential for quantum emulations provide many opportunities for investigating open questions in condensed matter physics, and possibly quantum computing. We study the many-body effects in two- and three-dimensional Hubbard-like models, focusing on

long-wavelength collective modes, such as spin-density waves, and

15. SUBJECT TERMS

optical lattices, degenerate quantum gases, quantum control, correlation effects, strongly interacting fermions, quantum simulations, quantum Monte Carlo, new computational methods, sign problem

16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:		17. LIMITATION OF		19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON	
a. REPORT	b. ABSTRACT	c. THIS PAGE	ABSTRACT	OF PAGES	Shiwei Zhang
Ιυυ	υυ	luu	υυ		19b. TELEPHONE NUMBER
					757-221-1644

Report Title

Final Report: Fermionic Optical Lattices: A Computational Study

ABSTRACT

We study optical lattice systems, in which rapid experimental progress and tremendous potential for quantum emulations provide many opportunities for investigating open questions in condensed matter physics, and possibly quantum computing. We study the many-body effects in two- and three-dimensional Hubbard-like models, focusing on long-wavelength collective modes, such as spin-density waves, and other matter-wave properties resulting from particle interaction and quantum coherence. The second focus is on molecular physics, where we aim to achieve an accurate, robust many-body paradigm for predicting properties and mechanisms of small molecules. Success of the research can contribute a powerful and yet heretofore largely missing third (computational) component for these areas, and help accelerate the realization of novel applications and new technological capabilities of interest to the Army and beyond.

Enter List of papers submitted or published that acknowledge ARO support from the start of the project to the date of this printing. List the papers, including journal references, in the following categories:

(a) Papers published in peer-reviewed journals (N/A for none)

Received	<u>Paper</u>
08/23/2012	1.00 J. Carlson, Stefano Gandolfi, Kevin Schmidt, Shiwei Zhang. Auxiliary-field quantum Monte Carlo method for strongly paired fermions, Physical Review A, (12 2011): 0. doi: 10.1103/PhysRevA.84.061602
08/23/2012	5.00 A. Euverte, F. Hébert, S. Chiesa, R. Scalettar, G. Batrouni. Kondo Screening and Magnetism at Interfaces, Physical Review Letters, (06 2012): 0. doi: 10.1103/PhysRevLett.108.246401
08/23/2012	4.00 Chia-Chen Chang, Shiwei Zhang, David Ceperley. Itinerant ferromagnetism in a Fermi gas with contact interaction: Magnetic properties in a dilute Hubbard model, Physical Review A, (12 2010): 0. doi: 10.1103/PhysRevA.82.061603
08/23/2012	3.00 S. Zhou, D. Ceperley, Shiwei Zhang. Validity of the scattering-length approximation in strongly interacting Fermi systems, Physical Review A, (07 2011): 0. doi: 10.1103/PhysRevA.84.013625
08/23/2012	2.00 Jie Xu, Chia-Chen Chang, Eric J Walter, Shiwei Zhang. Spin- and charge-density waves in the Hartree– Fock ground state of the two-dimensional Hubbard model, Journal of Physics: Condensed Matter, (12 2011): 0. doi: 10.1088/0953-8984/23/50/505601
09/12/2013	6.00 Brenda M. Rubenstein, Shiwei Zhang, David R. Reichman. Finite-temperature auxiliary-field quantum Monte Carlo technique for Bose-Fermi mixtures, Physical Review A, (11 2012): 0. doi: 10.1103/PhysRevA.86.053606
10/22/2014	8.00 Jie Xu, Simone Chiesa, Eric J Walter, Shiwei Zhang. Magnetic order in the Hubbard model in three dimensions and the crossover to two dimensions, Journal of Physics: Condensed Matter, (10 2013): 0. doi: 10.1088/0953-8984/25/41/415602
10/22/2014	9.00 Simone Chiesa, Shiwei Zhang. Phases of attractive spin-imbalanced fermions in square lattices, Physical Review A, (10 2013): 0. doi: 10.1103/PhysRevA.88.043624
TOTAL:	8

Number of Papers published in peer-reviewed journals:		
	(b) Papers published in non-peer-reviewed journals (N/A for none)	
Received	<u>Paper</u>	
TOTAL:		
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	(c) Presentations	
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Received	<u>Paper</u>	
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Number of Peer-Reviewed Conference Proceeding publications (other than abstracts):		
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09/12/2013	7.00 Shiwei Zhang. Auxiliary-Field Quantum Monte Carlofor Correlated Electron Systems, Forschungszentrum Julich: E. Pavarini, E. Koch, and U. Schollwock, (09 2013)	
TOTAL:	1	
	Patents Submitted	
Patents Submitted		
Patents Awarded		

Awards

	Graduate Students
NAME	PERCENT_SUPPORTED
FTE Equivalent:	
Total Number:	
	Names of Post Doctorates
NAME	PERCENT_SUPPORTED
Simone Chiesa FTE Equivalent:	0.35 0.35
Total Number:	1
	Names of Faculty Supported
NAME	PERCENT_SUPPORTED
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	Names of Under Graduate students supported
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<u>NAME</u>

Total Number:

	Names of personnel receiving PHDs
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Total Number:	
	Names of other research staff
NAME	PERCENT_SUPPORTED
FTE Equivalent: Total Number:	

Sub Contractors (DD882)

Inventions (DD882)

Scientific Progress

All previous activities and accomplishments have been reported in the interim reports. This grant was on a small modification last year to help support a postdoctoral scientist to finish two projects already underway. The projects have been reported last year. We summarize these below.

Magnetic order in the repulsive Fermi-Hubbard model in three-dimensions and the crossover to two-dimensions. Systems of fermions described by the three-dimensional (3D) repulsive Hubbard model on a cubic lattice have recently attracted considerable attention due to their possible experimental realization via cold atoms in an optical lattice. Because analytical and numerical results are limited away from half-filling, we study the ground state of the doped system from weak to intermediate interaction strengths within the generalized Hartree-Fock approximation. The exact solution to the self-consistent-field equations in the thermodynamic limit is obtained and the ground state is shown to exhibit antiferromagnetic order and incommensurate spin-density waves (SDW). At low interaction strengths. the SDW has unidirectional character with a leading wave-vector along the \$<100>\$-direction, and the system is metallic. As the interaction increases, the system undergoes a simultaneous structural and metal-to-insulator transition to a unidirectional SDW state along the \$<111>\$-direction, with a different wavelength. We systematically determine the real- and momentum-space properties of these states. The crossover from 3D to two-dimensions (2D) is then studied by varying the inter-plane hopping amplitude, which can be experimentally realized by tuning the distance between a stack of square-lattice layers. Detailed comparisons are made between the exact numerical results and predictions from the pairing model, a variational {\em ansatz} based on the pairing of spins in the vicinity of the Fermi surface. Most of the numerical results can be understood quantitatively from the ansatz, which provides a simple picture for the nature of the SDW states.

Phases of attractive spin-imbalanced fermions in square optical lattices. We determine the relative stability of different ground-state phases of spin-imbalanced popula- tions of attractive fermions in square lattices. The phases are systematically characterized by the symmetry of the order parameter and the real- and momentum-space structures using Hartree- Fock-Bogoliubov theory. We find several type of unidirectional Larkin-Ovchinikov-type phases. We discuss the effect of commensuration between the ordering wave vector and the density imbalance, and describe the mechanism of Fermi surface reconstruction and pairing for various orders. A robust supersolid phase is shown to exist when the ordering wave vector is diagonally directed.

Technology Transfer